

THE ROLE OF DICTIONARIES IN LANGUAGE LEARNING

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Abstract: This article discusses the importance of dictionaries in language learning, how to learn the secrets of vocabulary quickly in a short time, memorization techniques, easy learning through different methods. Information about this topic is explained in 2 languages, in clear and easy ways.

Key words: Expansion of vocabulary, access, pronunciation, transcriptions, syntactic behaviour, grammatical guidance, precision and clarity, accurately, independent learning, language acquisition

Аннотация: В этой статье обсуждается важность словарей в изучении языка, как быстро узнать секреты словарного запаса за короткое время, методы запоминания, легкое обучение с помощью различных методов. Информация по этой теме представлена на 2 языках, объясненная понятным и простым способом.

Ключевые слова: Расширение словарного запаса, оценка, произношение, транскрипции, синтаксическое поведение, грамматическое руководство, точность и ясность, аккуратность, самостоятельное обучение, усвоение языка.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada, lug'atlarning til o'rganishdagi ahamiyati, qanday qilib lug'atlarni qisqa vaqt ichida tez o'rganish sirlari, yozib yodlash texnikasi, turli xil metodlar orqali oson o'rganish haqida fikr yuritiladi. Ushbu mavzu haqidagi ma'lumotlar ikki tilda aniq va oson yo'llarda izohlanadi.

Kalit so'zlar: Bo'sh joyni kengaytirish, kirish, talaffuz, transkripsiya, sintaktik xatti-harakatlar, grammatik yo'l-yo'riq, aniqlik va ravshanlik, to'g'ri, mustaqil o'rganish, tilni o'zlashtirish.

Kirish. In the journey of learning a new language, dictionaries serve as indispensable tools. Their role extends far beyond mere repositories of words and definitions. Dictionaries act as gateways to understanding, communication, and cultural insight, making them vital resources for language learners. Here, we explore the multifaceted role of dictionaries in the language acquisition process. Bizga ma'lumki, bugungi kunda chet tillarini o'rganishda lug'atlarning o'zni naqadar muhim bo'lib va ular hayotimizning ajralmas qismiga aylanib bormoqda. Lug'at tuzish yoki yodlash oson emas. Shunday bo'lsa-da, lug'atga bo'lgan e'tibor, lug'atga bo'lgan qiziqish tobora ortib bormoqda. Ayniqsa, tarjima lug'atlari nafaqat o'quvchi-talabalarning, balki til o'rganuvchi kattayu kichikning doimiy hamrohi bolib qolgan. Aslida ham shunday, lug'at bu tilning yuragi desak adashmagan bo'lamiz, lug'at yodlamasak til bilish darajamiz nolga teng bo'ladi. Bulardan tashqari o'zbek tilining izohli lug'ati, imlo lug'ati, orfoepik lug'ati, ma'nodosh so'zlar lug'ati, zid ma'noli so'zlar lug'ati, o'zbek tilining eskirgan so'zlar lug'ati kabi bir qancha lug'atlarimiz borki, bular jamiyatimizdagi har bir soha vakillari uchun birday xizmat qilmoqda.

First of all, we should now What is “dictionary”

Dictionary, reference book that lists words in order—usually, for Western languages, alphabetical and gives their meanings. In addition to its basic function of defining words, a dictionary may provide information about their pronunciation, grammatical forms and functions, etymologies, syntactic peculiarities, variant spellings, and antonyms. A dictionary may also provide quotations illustrating a word's use, and these may be dated to show the earliest known uses of the word in

specified senses. The word dictionary comes from the Latin dictio, “the act of speaking” and dictionarius, “a collection of words”. Although encyclopaedias are a different type of reference work, some use the word dictionary in their names (e.g, biographical dictionaries).¹

1. Building Vocabulary

At the core of language learning is the expansion of vocabulary. Dictionaries provide learners with access to a wide range of words, including their meanings, usage, and nuances. This extensive vocabulary building is crucial for developing reading, writing, speaking, and listening qualifications. With a good dictionary, learners can explore synonyms, antonyms, and related words, which enriches their lexical repertoire and helps in better expression and comprehension.

Bugungi kunda til o'rganish biz uchun keng imkoniyatlar yaratib bermoqda. Ayniqsa, yurtimizda oxirgi besh yil ichida ingliz tilini o'rganishga bo'lgan talab va qiziqish shunchalik kuchayib kettiki, hatto bog'cha yoshidagi bolalardan boshlab katta yoshdagi mutaxassislarlargacha ingliz tilini o'rganishga harakat qilishyapti. Buni albatta ijobiy baholashimiz kerak, chunki, til o'rganish o'sha tilda gaplashuvchi mamlakatlar madaniyati, tarixi va urf-odatlarini o'rganish bilan bir qatorda shaxsiy manfaatlar yo'lida ham eshiklar ochilishiga zamin yaratadi.

2. Understanding Pronunciation

Pronunciation is an essential aspect of language learning, and dictionaries play a pivotal role in this area. Many modern dictionaries include phonetic transcriptions and audio pronunciations, enabling learners to hear how words are pronounced by native speakers. This feature helps in mastering the sounds of the new language, which is particularly important for developing accurate speaking and listening skills.

3. Learning Grammar and Usage

Dictionaries often provide information on the grammatical properties of words, such as part of speech, tense forms, and syntactic behavior. This grammatical guidance aids learners understand how to construct sentences correctly and use words appropriately in different contexts. Usage examples, which are commonly included in dictionaries, demonstrate how words function in real sentences, thereby enhancing learners' practical language skills.

Grammatikani va undan foydalanishni o'rganish

Lug'atlarda ko'pincha so'zlarning grammatik xususiyatlari, masalan, gap bo'lagi, zamon shakllari, sintaktik xatti-harakatlari haqida ma'lumotlar beriladi. Ushbu grammatik qo'llanma o'quvchilarga jumalarni qanday qilib to'g'ri tuzish va so'zlarni turli kontekstlarda to'g'ri ishlatishni tushunishga yordam beradi. Odatda lug'atlarga kiritilgan foydalanish misollari so'zlarning real gaplarda qanday ishlashini ko'rsatadi va shu bilan o'quvchilarning amaliy til ko'nikmalarini oshiradi.

4. Enhancing Reading Comprehension

Encountering unfamiliar words in texts is a common experience for language learners. Dictionaries empower learners to decipher these unknown words, thereby improving their reading comprehension. By looking up meanings and contexts, learners can better grasp the overall message of texts, which contributes to more effective and enjoyable reading experiences.

5. Facilitating Writing Skills

In writing, precision and clarity are paramount. Dictionaries assist learners in choosing the right words to convey their intended meaning. They help avoid common pitfalls such as misuse of

¹ Allen Walker Read

words, redundancy, and vagueness. Additionally, learners can find the correct spelling of words, which is crucial for writing accurately and professionally.

6. Promoting Independent Learning

One of the most significant advantages of dictionaries is that they promote autonomy in language learning. With a dictionary at hand, learners can independently explore new words, check meanings, and verify usage without always needing a teacher or language partner. This independence fosters confidence and encourages a proactive approach to language learning.

7. Offering Cultural Insights

Language and culture are deeply intertwined. Many dictionaries include cultural notes and idiomatic expressions that provide insights into the cultural context of the language. Understanding these cultural aspects is essential for achieving fluency and for effective communication in real-world situations. It helps learners appreciate the richness of the language and the nuances that go beyond literal meanings.

8. Supporting Multilingual Learning

For learners studying multiple languages, bilingual and multilingual dictionaries are invaluable. They offer translations and explanations across different languages, which can streamline the learning process and aid in making connections between languages. This is particularly beneficial for learners who are proficient in one language and are using it as a bridge to learn another.

Tadqiqot metodologiyasi (Research methodology)

Bilamizki lug'atlar kitob shaklida yoki elektron shaklda bo'ladi. Ikkalasi ham o'rganishda juda samarali. Ammo vaqtni tejash va tezroq kutilgan natijaga erishish uchun elektron lug'atning ahamiyati juda katta. Elektron lug'atlarning yana bir ustun tomoni shundaki, siz qidirgan lug'atingizni topgach uning qanday talaffuz qilinishini ham eshita olasiz, ammo kitob shaklidagi lug'atlarda eshitib ko'rish imkoniyati mavjud emas.

Elektron lug'at:

Bu foydalanuvchilarga qulay. Uni olib yurish ham oson. Bu sinfga asoslangan faoliyat uchun yaxshiroq va tezroq. Bu o'quvchilarga qisqa vaqt ichida ko'proq so'zlarni o'rganishga yordam beradi. Ushbu ikki lug'at o'rtasida juda ko'p farqlar borligi sababli, o'quvchilar vaqtni tejash uchun faqat elektron lug'atni afzal ko'radilar. Elektron lug'at qog'oz lug'atdan ko'ra sinfda o'qitishda foydaliroqdir, garchi u sinfda o'qitishda katta chalg'itishni keltirib chiqarsa ham. Bizda elektron lug'atda turli ma'noga ega bir milliondan ortiq so'z bor. Ingliz tilida grammatik elementlarni, masalan, fe'llar, idiomatik iboralar, jumlar tuzilishi va boshqalarni o'rgatganimizda, biz o'quvchilar bilan muloqot qilishimiz oson bo'ladi. So'zning ma'nosini qidirish uchun kamroq vaqt kerak bo'ladi. Ammo quvvat muammosi mavjud bo'lganda foydalanish qiyin.

Elektron lug'atdan foydalanish:

- Bu o'quvchilarning ingliz tilidagi bilimlarini rivojlantirishga yordam beradi;
- Bu o'quvchilarning retseptiv qobiliyatlarini rivojlantirishga yordam beradi;
- Ingliz tilini o'rganishda ishonch darajasini oshirish mumkin;
- Sinfda elektron lug'atdan foydalanishda o'qituvchilar tomonidan individual e'tibor berilishi mumkin;
- Bu sekin o'rganuvchilarning yashirin iste'dodlarini ochib beradi;
- Bu o'quvchilarning o'z-o'zini o'rganishga bo'lgan qiziqishini oshiradi;
- Bu imlo va talaffuz bo'yicha o'z-o'zini o'rganish uchun gadget;
- Bu faol o'rganish imkoniyatini beradi;
- Bu ona tilidan tashqari ko'proq xorijiy tillarini o'rganishga yordam beradi;
- Ona tilida bo'lgani kabi ingliz tilida ham so'zning qiyosiy ma'nosini topishga yordam beradi;

Tahlil va natijalar (Analysis and results) Yuqorida ifodalangan misollarda lug'atlarning ikki turi taqqoslangan va ustunlik jihatlari namuna sifatida keltirib o'tilgan. Namuna sifatida keltiriladigan misollarda ularni yaqqol ajratib olish mumkin.

Suggestions for using e-dictionary in the classroom teaching and learning process:

Language should be taught with proper phonetic sound. An electronic gadget such as language laboratory and e- dictionary etc. help learners to learn language properly. Opportunities should be provided for using technological gadgets to learners to learn language effectively and properly. Language class must be provided with digital board, electronic dictionary, language laboratory and Internet facility, etc. More exposure should be given to the learners to use technological gadgets in learning language. ²

Xulosa va takliflar (Conclusion and recommendation)

Xulosa qilib aytganda, lug'atlar shunchaki ma'lumotnoma emas, ular til o'rganish sayohatida muhim hamrohlardir. Ular so'z boyligini oshirish, talaffuz qilish, grammatika, o'qish, yozish va mustaqil o'rganishni qo'llab-quvvatlaydi. Madaniy tushunchalarni taqdim etish va ko'p tilli o'rganishni osonlashtirish orqali lug'atlar tilni o'zlashtirish tajribasini boyitadi va yangi tilni chuqurroq tushunish va qadrlashga hissa qo'shadi. Til o'rganish tobora muhim ahamiyat kasb etayotgan dunyoda lug'atlar barcha darajadagi o'quvchilar uchun ajralmas manba bo'lib qolmoqda.

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