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## EXPLORING THE USE OF INTRODUCTORY WORDS IN SPOKEN COMMUNICATION

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ABSTRACT: This article examines the importance of introductory words and phrases in spoken communication. These words play a key role in shaping the meaning of what is being said, helping listeners understand the message, and improving the overall effectiveness of speaking skills. Introductory words serve several important functions. They help organize the structure of speech, making it easier for listeners to follow. They also add information, emphasize points, and contrast different ideas, making the conversation more engaging and clear. The article argues that these words are not just fillers, but essential tools for successful communication. Without them, speech would lack coherence and flow, and it would be harder for listeners to understand or stay interested. By studying the different roles of these words, the article highlights how they help guide the listener's comprehension and shape how the message is received. Ultimately, these introductory words contribute to making spoken language more structured, persuasive, and easier to understand. The study emphasizes their value in creating smooth, effective communication and shows how they are a vital part of speaking skills.

**Keywords:** Communication, sequencing, adding information, contrasting information, clarifying information, emphasizing information, significance.

### **INTRODUCTION**

Communication is an essential phenomenon for human relationships, both personal and professional. When we interact, the words and phrases we use to begin our sentences are key to how well other people understand and engage with us. For instance, words like "so", "now", "well", and "you know" help guide and clarify what we mean and serve as markers in conversation. Despite their simple usage, these words are overlooked in their contribution to effective communication. Furthermore, introductory words are crucial for connecting ideas, giving explanations for readers and listeners through context, and structuring information. Spoken communication, in particular, relies heavily on structure and clarity to ensure understanding. They guide listeners, reduce ambiguity, and enhance the speaker's confidence by providing a clear framework for ideas. Despite their significance, the strategic use of introductory words is sometimes overlooked in language education and practice. This study aims to examine their practical applications and benefits, offering a deeper understanding of their role in successful communication.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

This study looks at how introductory words are used in spoken communication and how they help organize speech, make things clearer, and guide listener understanding. For this research a mix of methods was used to analyze these words in different situations.

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The main materials for this study were audio and video recordings of spoken communication, including academic lectures, work presentations, casual conversations, and interviews. These recordings were transcribed into text to make it easier to study the use of introductory words, looking at how often they were used and in what contexts. To gather more information, questionnaires and surveys were given to both speakers, listeners and language learners to understand how they perceive the use of these words. The participants came from different backgrounds and ages to get a variety of views. A review of existing research on spoken language and communication was also used to guide the study. The study also looked at cultural and contextual differences in how introductory words are used in different languages and settings. The research used several methods. First, a detailed analysis of the transcriptions was done to find out how introductory words help organize speech and make it easier to follow. The study also looked at how these words help guide attention, clarify meaning, and make speech more coherent. Next, the study compared the use of introductory words in different contexts, such as formal versus informal speech, and looked at how culture and language proficiency affected their use. Some controlled experiments were conducted, with one group of participants trained to use introductory words more consciously and another group using speech naturally. Listener feedback and tests were used to see how effective these words were at improving communication.

The introductory words were categorized into types based on their function, such as words used to show order (e.g., "firstly," "next"), add information (e.g., "furthermore," "moreover"), or show contrast (e.g., "however," "on the other hand"). Each type was analyzed to see how it helped make speech clearer and more engaging. Finally, statistical analysis was used to measure how often these words appeared and their impact on communication.

Through these methods, the study provides a clearer understanding of the importance of introductory words in spoken communication and how they help make interactions more effective and engaging.

### **RESULT AND DISCUSSION**

Firstly, we must know various types of introductory words commonly used in writing and speaking.

**Sequencing introduction words** are important for organizing information in a coherent and logical manner. They help us to understand the flow of ideas and events.

Sequencing words	Usage	Example
Firstly, secondly, thirdly	To list points in a sequence,	Firstly, they discussed the main idea
	to count some steps and ideas	of the project.
Next, after that, then	To show what happens	After that, we will prepare the
	immediately after something	experiment.
	else	
Finally, lastly, in conclusion, to	To indicate the end or	In conclusion, we decided to leave
summarize	conclusion of a sequence	that home.
Meanwhile, simultaneously,	To show that two or more	While Sarah prepared the
concurrently	actions are happening at the	presentation slides, John was
	same time	simultaneously conducting research
		for the upcoming project.
Furthermore, moreover,	To add more information or	Additionally, she cooked delicious

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additionally	support to a previous point	pancake for her family.

**Adding information introductory words** are essential for enhancing the clarity and depth of writing. They serve to introduce additional details, evidence, or explanations that support or expand upon the main idea of a sentence or paragraph.

Adding information words	Usage	Example
Furthermore, moreover	To introduce a new point that adds to what has already been said	The company's new product not only meets customer demands but also reduces production costs. <b>Moreover</b> ,
		it enhances overall efficiency.
In addition, additionally	To add more information or support to a previous point	The festival features a variety of cultural performances. <b>In addition,</b>
		there will be food stalls offering traditional cuisine.

Contrasting information introductory words are used to introduce points that show a difference, contradiction, or alternative perspective to what has been previously stated. They help to highlight differences or opposing viewpoints in a clear and organized manner. They contribute to creating a well-rounded and balanced argument or discussion.

Adding information words	Usage	Example
However	To introduce a contrasting statement or idea that contrasts with the previous one	The weather forecast predicted sunshine; <b>however</b> , it started raining heavily in the afternoon.
On the other hand	To introduce an alternative viewpoint or perspective that contrasts with the one just mentioned	She enjoys living in the city for its convenience. <b>On the other hand,</b> he prefers the tranquility of rural life.
In contrast	To introduce a statement that shows a marked difference with what has been stated before	In contrast to her energetic brother, she is quiet and reserved.
Nevertheless	To introduce a contrasting idea or fact that does not diminish the validity of the previous statement but offers a different perspective	The plan was risky; <b>nevertheless</b> , the decided to proceed with it.
Conversely	To introduce a contrasting idea that directly opposes the previous statement	Some people thrive in a structured work environment. <b>Conversely</b> , others prefer more flexibility and autonomy.

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Clarifying information introductory words typically refers to words or phrases used to introduce additional details, explanations, or context to clarify a point or topic. These introductory words serve to guide the listener or reader towards a clearer understanding of the information being presented.

Clarifying information words	Usage	Example
For example	To introduce a specific	Many countries in Europe have
	example to illustrate a point	implemented strict environmental
		regulations. For example, Denmark
		has significantly reduced its carbon
		emissions.
In other words	To rephrase or explain	She wasn't fired; in other words, she
	something in a different way	decided to leave the company
	for clarity	voluntarily.
To clarify	signals an intention to	The new policy aims to improve
	provide further explanation or	customer service. To clarify,
	detail	employees are now required to
		undergo additional training sessions.

**Emphasizing information introductory words** are useful technique in communication, especially when you want to highlight important points or provide context upfront. These introductory words serve to grab attention and guide the listener or reader towards understanding the significance of what follows. They can vary in intensity and purpose depending on the message you want to convey. These words help structure your message and ensure that key information is clear and memorable to your audience.

Emphasizing information words	Usage	Example
Importantly	To draw attention to a crucial	Importantly, safety regulations must
	point or fact	be strictly followed in our laboratory
		at all times.
Significantly	To highlight the importance	She wasn't fired; in other words, she
	or impact of what follows.	decided to leave the company
		voluntarily.
Crucially	To indicate that the upcoming	The new policy aims to improve
	information is essential or	customer service. To clarify,
	pivotal.	employees are now required to
		undergo additional training sessions.
Notably	To point out something	<b>Notably,</b> our sales have increased by
	noteworthy or remarkable.	20% since implementing the new
		marketing strategy.

Results of an online survey conducted among teachers, professors, students, pupils, language learners, speakers and researchers to find out their opinions on introductory words:

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How frequently do you use introductory words (e.g., "um," "so," "well," "you know") in your daily conversations?	02	In which types of situations do you use introductory words the most?
	nportant estions	Casual conversations28% Formal settings27% Public speaking21% Group discussions19% Others5%
	I results	Do you think the use of introductory words affects how well others understand or engage with what you're saying?  Yes, positively56% Yes, negatively11% No impact18% I'm not sure15%

The survey presented in the image highlights the following conclusions about the use of introductory words in conversations:

Frequency of use: A significant portion of people use introductory words in their daily conversations. Around 53% of respondents use them either very frequently (25%) or frequently (28%), while 25% use them occasionally.

Situational usage: Introductory words are most commonly used in casual conversations (28%), followed by formal settings (27%), public speaking (21%), and group discussions (19%).

Impact on understanding: A majority (56%) believe that using introductory words positively affects how others understand or engage with what they are saying. However, 18% feel it has no impact, while 11% see a negative effect.

Primary function: The main function of introductory words, according to 37% of respondents, is to organize thoughts. Others believe they are used to give time to respond (23%), maintain politeness (19%), or indicate hesitation (12%).

This suggests that introductory words play a significant role in improving communication and engagement, particularly in organizing thoughts and providing clarity during conversations.

#### **CONCLUSION**

In conclusion, introductory words act as signposts, guiding the listener through the structure of your speech, minimizing confusion and facilitating comprehension. They provide a framework that helps listeners anticipate what's coming next, making the overall message easier to follow.

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enhance clarity. By creating a smoother flow of information and highlighting key points, these words hold the listener's attention and encourage deeper engagement with the message. They make the speech more dynamic and interesting to follow. Effectively used introductory words can strengthen arguments, add weight to points, and increase the persuasiveness of your communication. They can subtly shift the listener's perspective, making arguments more compelling. The natural use of introductory words creates a more fluid and polished delivery, fostering confidence in the speaker and reducing awkward pauses, contributing to a more seamless communication flow. They make the speech sound more natural and less robotic. The significance of introductory words in spoken communication cannot be overstated. By consciously incorporating them into our speech, we can elevate our communication skills, becoming more effective and engaging speakers. Understanding their functions and recognizing their impact allows us to harness their power to create clearer, more persuasive, and ultimately, more successful communication.

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