

## THE INTERNET AND ITS FEATURES

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### Annotation

right from the internet in the development of Informatics Science in the article the basics of use are described. Methods of using the internet, understanding and information on ways to form knowledgeю

### Keywords

information, Internet, Yahoo, Google.

The Internet is the only popular computer network in demand today, providing us with open, simple and fluent information about all areas of uncertainty, that is, about concepts that are abstract to our minds. Naturally, today the number of people who need this factor is increasing day by day. This network is a global network on a global scale. After all, the texts, images and sound services that inform about the latest news, and a number of opportunities in it create great convenience on all fronts, but on the other hand, they are involuntarily attracting humanity to the virtual world. Teenagers are especially affected by this influence. In this regard, the words of experts prove the following results: the positive aspects of the Internet are its comprehensive convenience and saving of a considerable amount of time in obtaining important and specific facts related to a person's science, field, and activity, but curiosity leads to excessive exposure to excessive information on the Internet.

It causes a decrease in the level of research intellectual development, observation, analysis and memory sharpness. It is known that the use of the Internet should be based on the rules and regulations that are not obligatory for anyone and come from a person's own thinking, and the requirements of the norm, that is, the correct selection of information from the Internet, is appropriate in every way. It is clear from this that the scope of information contained in this network is so wide and numerous that sometimes it is difficult for us to extract the information we need. We all know that the role of the search engine for our work on the Internet is incomparable. You can type all the information you need into the "search" box of any such site and select the information you need from the many results that are displayed, or if you remember the address of a particular site, type in keywords related to the site that those search engines will help you with, and suddenly that site will appear in front of you. There are search engines on the Internet called by other names: Yahoo, Google, Ref.uz. This company is the leading search engine on the Internet, seven out of ten Internet users around the world turn to this site in search of one or another information. The system receives about 50 million requests every day, indexes eight billion web pages. It can search for information in 101 languages. In recent years, the Google system, which has become widely popular among Internet users around the world, was launched in September 1998. Currently, in addition to search engines, this company has a number of other useful and convenient services, and their number is growing.



Indeed, not only the emergence of the Internet, but also the fact that various information technologies that are developing worldwide are having a positive impact on the younger generation is gratifying on the one hand, but on the other hand, it encourages us to strengthen the educational environment in order to protect them from various negative lessons. Today, military personnel receive a variety of information and data through such means as radio, television, the press, and the Internet. In such a situation, when the global information field is expanding, it is not possible to surround the minds of our military personnel with a one-sided education, saying, "Don't read this, don't watch this," and surround them with an iron wall, which undoubtedly does not correspond to the needs of the times or our noble goals and objectives. Because we have set ourselves the firm goal of building an open and free democratic society in our country, and we will never deviate from this path. Therefore, we imagine the future of our state not as a state wrapped in our own shell, but as a state deeply embedded in universal and democratic values. We see our future in liberalizing the governance of the state and society, using the experience of developed countries, and in introducing human rights and freedoms of thought more widely in our lives. We are committed to peaceful, free and prosperous life, mutually beneficial cooperation with the entire enlightened international community. Based on the vast capabilities of the modern information system, it can be said that in Uzbekistan it is necessary to create a management mechanism for obtaining, storing, using and distributing information in the interests of the common good and general development, and to deeply understand its essence and elements. Based on this vital need, we consider it necessary to create a culture of using the following methods to create a system for ensuring national security in the information sector:

Firstly, the sociological direction. In this process of obtaining and distributing information, based on the role of information in the development of society as a social reality, it is necessary to establish a study of the directions of social consciousness, the level of social thinking and its currents, which are being formed in society. It is necessary to identify the way of thinking of different strata of the population, their views, professional and other social situations. Secondly, the statistical direction.

In a multinational country, in particular, Uzbekistan, where more than 130 nationalities and ethnic groups live and about 20 religious denominations operate, it is necessary to study the sources of conflicts that may arise under the influence of various political interests and destructive ideas, and to have analytical solutions for accurate calculations in this regard.

Third, political conflictology and political psychology. At a time when information psychological danger is on the rise, and various destructive ideas are influencing human consciousness and thinking, it is necessary to study the possible sources of political conflicts, identify their factors, and consistently study political views, mentality, socio-political psychology. Fourth, logical, systemic and functional analysis. The information system, in particular, the psychological impact of information, should be assessed as an important part of the system and tool of information policy. It is necessary to approach reality in this way and draw scientific, analytical, theoretical and practical conclusions. Social thought, which is formed under the influence of information flows in a densely information society, should be consistently studied from a scientific perspective. Fifth, the priority of the idea of national



independence in the information system. Ensuring the primacy of ideological immunity in the heart, spirit, mood, character, and, as a result of all this, in the process of selecting a "product" from the information base of any citizen, in his actions and attitude.

Of course, during the 23 years of independence of Uzbekistan, significant changes have occurred in the sphere of mass information and communication. First of all, the Constitution guarantees the freedom of speech and opinion of every citizen, the right to receive and disseminate information. A number of laws on mass media have been created and are being implemented. The number of independent publications has increased dramatically. All this indicates the specific development of the national information system in the internal life of the country.

It should also be noted that it is becoming increasingly clear that not all information and data from the Internet are realistic. Based on this, it is worth saying that it is appropriate to consciously observe the extent to which the evidence obtained is correct. Only then can we be sure that the knowledge we acquire via the Internet will have a positive effect in our lives.

In short, in order to prevent a gap in the minds of students, we must always form a sense of respect for a healthy lifestyle and national and national values in their hearts and minds. It should not be forgotten that today, even a seemingly insignificant message directed against human spirituality can, with the intensity of globalization in the information world, cause immense damage that is invisible but irreparable.

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