

METHODS OF DEVELOPING CREATIVE ABILITIES OF PRESCHOOL CHILDREN

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Abstract: Creativity is a valuable skill that enriches a child's development, fostering original thinking, problem-solving, and self-expression. In early childhood, the foundation for creativity is laid, making it crucial to nurture and encourage creative abilities from a young age. Preschoolers, in particular, are at a critical stage of cognitive, emotional, and social development, making it an opportune time to engage them in activities that stimulate their creative potential. This article explores effective methods for developing the creative abilities of preschool children, aiming to provide parents, educators, and caregivers with practical ideas that can foster and support children's creativity.

Key words: Problem-solving, social development, preschool children, practical ideas, imaginations.

Introduction. The main development of creative abilities in everyday life is carried out through play. In the game, children will probably like games that are able to determine the most interesting activity range of children. Therefore, the game is one of the main ways to determine creative abilities. Psychologists have developed special tests in the form of a game that allow you to determine to what extent your imagination develops and the way the child thinks. Imaginative play serves as a cornerstone for developing creativity in preschool children. Through role-playing, storytelling, and make-believe scenarios, children can explore their imaginations and develop their creative thinking. Providing open-ended toys, such as building blocks, art materials, and dress-up costumes, allows children to express themselves freely and engage in unstructured, creative play. Encouraging dramatic play and creating pretend scenarios can fuel children's creativity and help them develop problem-solving skills. Pretend play makes it easier to develop creative thinking and problem-solving. Creative thinking exercises like drawing can be quite fun to urge your child to explore their creative and imaginative powers. They can experiment with different drawing techniques such as chalk, watercolor, gouache. Play with the possibilities and experiment alongside the children. Use children's backgrounds, experiences, and interests as inspiration for ideas about creative activities in your classroom. Cultivate a climate of inquiry and love for learning in your classroom. Encourage children to pose questions [1]. Creativity is children's unique response to all that they see, hear, feel and experience. A child's individual responses to materials, experiences and ideas inspire their creativity and imagination. Children's responses can be physical, emotional, social, cultural or a combination. One of the most important tasks of today's educators of preschool education is to cultivate children's creativity, creativity and creativity, as well as the rational use of natural resources. Influences the formation of a person, including the creative principle of the child, as the main method of activity of educators in the organization of preschool education. Creativity is not a new research topic. People's opportunities have always been of great interest to people. Sometimes children refuse to participate in such games, which indicates the need for a special approach to the child. A large role is also played by the creation of the necessary conditions for the development of children's creative abilities. Parents should not only give the child the opportunity to develop, but also actively participate. In no case can you put pressure on the child, allow him to play the game or participate in Applied Art. In particular, this error is allowed by the development of musical abilities. Since the child's interest in music is not enough, parents rush to give it to a music school. To form any creative abilities in children, it is necessary not only to determine the

predisposition of the baby, but also to carry out serious work that will strengthen the desire to develop in the right direction. However, in the past, society has not felt a particular need to master people's work. It is as if talents have created works of literature and art on their own: they have made scientific discoveries in response to the needs of evolving human culture. Now the situation has changed radically. life in the period becomes more colorful and difficult. And this person needs a template, familiar actions, but mobility, flexibility of thinking, flexibility of thinking, quick orientation and adaptation to new conditions. After all, all the cultural riches accumulated by mankind are the result of human creative activity. How human society in the future will be determined by the creative potential of the first generation. Creative Skills - It is a combination of personal qualities that enables an activity to produce an original product of new and unique work, thereby increasing its effectiveness. First and foremost, it is the power that allows a person to rise to the highest level on their own and to have unique abilities and capabilities by nature. Through creative thinking, everyone is able to discover new, original ways of solving problems, types of actions, not by understanding and applying the knowledge they already know. Why does the development of the creative abilities of preschool children play such an important role [2]. Creative play and art are an important part of development and help nurture the feelings of your precedent. You can help your preschoolers by creating a supportive environment and devoting a lot of time to the free development of creative activity.

Art provides preschoolers with a powerful means of self-expression and creativity. Introducing children to various art forms, such as drawing, painting, sculpting, and collage-making, can inspire them to explore different textures, colors, and materials. Adults can foster creativity by encouraging children to create art based on their own ideas rather than providing a strict template to follow. This approach fosters confidence and original thinking, allowing children to unleash their creativity without fear of judgment [3].

Cultivating Curiosity and Exploration. Preschoolers are naturally curious, making it essential to provide them with opportunities for exploration. Activities such as nature walks, science experiments, and sensory play can ignite children's curiosity and encourage them to ask questions, make observations, and think critically. By nurturing a sense of wonder and curiosity, adults can fuel children's creativity and instill a lifelong love for learning.

Encouraging Divergent Thinking. Divergent thinking is a key component of creativity, emphasizing the generation of multiple solutions and ideas. Engaging preschoolers in open-ended problem-solving activities, riddles, and puzzles can encourage them to think outside the box and explore unconventional solutions. By asking open-ended questions that have no right or wrong answers, adults can challenge children to think creatively and develop their divergent thinking skills.



Figure 1. Fostering a Supportive Environment

The development of artistic abilities can begin up to 1 year. In this century, children learn objects and their properties. In the form of a baby, it is recommended to face paper for paper, glossy pencils and various items for markers. At the age of 2-3 years, the introductory period begins, children make arbitrary lines and shapes and are very interested in colors. First, parents need to control the safety of the child. When children reach the age of 3, parents participate. First, drawing on a road similar to a pickup in a circle, for example, did not recommend declaring lines. It falls into drawings with children's drawings, there is a transition from an arbitrary tweet to a desire to make a meaningful picture. During this period, it is important to stimulate and support the baby, to give freedom in his work. Creating a nurturing and supportive environment is crucial for fostering preschoolers' creativity. Adults play a pivotal role in providing positive reinforcement, encouragement, and praise for children's creative efforts. By valuing and celebrating children's unique ideas and creations, adults can build children's confidence and motivation to explore their creative abilities further [4]. Provide simple materials to stimulate imagination and stimulate play. The art of creativity helps your child develop feelings, such looks and touches. Let him have access to a lot of experimental material. Finger length can be dirty, but it's a great activity to develop emotion. Although most psychological processes develop in the form of a child, each stage rises to a new stage, and the development of creative abilities is subject to different laws. And in 5-6 years, when they reach the peak of their development, they start to fall. If, as a result of these diagnostic methods, preschoolers read 90 percent of the initial responses, by the age of 10, that number is reduced to 20 percent. Adults are usually no more than 2%. So, if you don't focus on creative development, their development may not stop even from the beginning [5]. It's good to leave kids to create and play in their own way, but sometimes you may want to know how to change the game and use more emotion in different ways. Invent with your little one, create new heroes, continue fairy tales, pass some fairy tales on to others. Let the child ask them to find rhymes, write poems and songs. It will be helpful for the child to listen to an association game in which they can form two unrelated things, words, and a story with them. Visual techniques include viewing, drawing, or actual viewing of any shots. For example, when studying clouds, determine what they look like. Oral methods

include communication, stories, various forms of conversation. For example, the joint composition of fairy tales, in turn, thinks a sentence on one plot. Practical methods include creating and using games, various models, and performing developmental exercises. By combining all methods, you can achieve a comprehensive development of the child, which will have a positive effect on his intellectual abilities. To form any creative abilities in children, it is necessary not only to determine the predisposition of the baby, but also to carry out serious work that will strengthen the desire to develop in the right direction.

Conclusion. The early years of childhood provide a critical foundation for nurturing creativity. By employing methods that encourage imaginative play, artistic expression, curiosity, divergent thinking, and fostering a supportive environment, adults can effectively develop the creative abilities of preschool children. Embracing creativity not only enhances children's cognitive and emotional development but also equips them with important skills for lifelong success. By prioritizing creativity in early childhood, we can empower children to become innovative, resourceful, and adaptable individuals in the future. Nurturing creativity in preschool children is a multifaceted endeavor that requires thoughtful and intentional engagement from parents, educators, and caregivers. By implementing the methods outlined in this article, we can cultivate a generation of creative thinkers who are poised to tackle the challenges of tomorrow with ingenuity and imagination.

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